Antonio Lopez de Santa Ana.

Next to Bolivar, there is no one, among the distinguished men of the Spanish American republics, which he was alternately, or many times, either at whose life has been signalized by so many extraordi-

pez de Santa Ana. talents and activity, to secure great local influence, tion of those civil wars by which they have never

the plan of Iguala, (February 24, 1821,) Santa Ana, at the head of the irregular forces of the neighborhood, succeeded, by a coup de main, in driving the Spaniards out of Vera Cruz, of which he was appointed governor by Iturbide. The Spaniards, however, still held the castles of San Juan de Uloa, from which they were not for a long time dislodged; and, of course, Santa Ana's position was one of great importance. Meanwhile, differences arose between Santa Ana and the Emperor Augustin, who had come down to Jalapa to direct the operations against the Spaniards. Santa Ana repaired to Jalapa to confer with Iturbide; and, being treated harshly and deprived of his command, immediately left Jalapa, hurried back to Vera Cruz, in anticipation of the intelligence of his disgrace, and raised the standard of revolt, and, by means of his personal authority with the troops of the garrison, was able to commence hostilities against the Emperor. Thereupon, Guadalupe Victorio, whose name was endeared to the Mexicans by his previous manaccessful efforts in the revolution, and who was living concealed in the mountains, emerged from his pointed governor by Iturbide. The Spaniards, howhiding-place, called around his old republican companions in arms, expelled Iturbide, and established the Mexican republic with a federal constitution, in of General Robert Armstrong for a pension, and do imitation of the United States.

ed so largely to this result, and thinking himself not 1814, called and known by the name of Enotochopoo, duly considered in the new arrangements, sailed from the shameful flight of my rear guard produced panic Vera Cruz with a small force, (March 1823,) and, and confusion in my whole army, that it was the landing at Tampico, advanced through the country to unflinching bravery of then Lieutenant Armstrong, San Luis Potosi, assuming to be new protector of the acting as Captain of the volunteer artillery guards, new republic. But he did not possess influence enough to maintain himself in this attitude, and was defeat, and all my wounded from horrid massacre. compelled to submit to the government, and to re- This little Spartan band, of about twenty-five in main for several years in retirement at Manga de number, met and bravely faced upwards of five hun-

in 1828, enabled Santa Ana to re-appear on the stage. I saw seven of this little heroic band fall—amongst Pedraza had been regularly elected President: on them was Lieut. Armstrong, commanding as Captain, hearing of which, Santa Ana rose in arms, and, by a severely wounded. He fell by the side of the cannon, Elkhart, Kosciusko and Whitley, Abraham Cuppy, Nathaniel Albertson. basis of which was to annul the election of Pedraza, and confer the presidency on Guerrero; but, being successfully attacked here by the government forces, be was compelled to floor and technique. Scott and Jackson, Bartholomew and Jennings.

Johnson, Belaware and Grant, Putnam, Con Armstrong along the periods must period, out save the Scott and Jackson, Bartholomew and Jennings. mountains of Oajaca, to all appearance an outlaw glorious wound. Can there be an American bosom and a ruined man. The signal of revolution, however, which he had given at Perote, was followed up amount of a Captain's pay, as an honorable testimodraza was at length driven into exile, Guerrero was services to his country !" declared President in his place, and Santa Ana was appointed to the command of the very army sent day of May, 1845.

"Given at the Hermitage, Tennessee, this 16th day of May, 1845.

ANDREW JACKSON." inst him, and to the government of Vera Cruz; and, after the inauguration of Guerrero, (April 1829) he became Secretary of War.

Ana was intrusted with the command of the Mexican with it. troops, and at length compelled the Spaniards to cap- At the Nashville Convention of August last, we Will addre

the war of Independence. hounced against Guerrero, December, 1829, who was day succeeding the Convention. Bustamente assuming the presidency.

In the progress of events, Santa Ana had now ac- New Orleans !" asked General Jackson. quired sufficient importance to desist from the func- "I have delivered a speech in the House of Represident, May, 1833. His presidency was filled with of our friend.

the violent changes, by which they were reduced to me with violating the constitution of my country, by on the southeast, refused to submit to the military do- ded that circumstances justified me in that violation. minion of whatever faction of the army might hap-pen to hold power in the city of Mexico; and Santa mance of a solemn duty to my country—a duty which, minion of whatever faction of the army might happen to hold power in the city of Mexico; and Santa

Ana at length took command in person of the army borganized for the reduction of Texas. The battle of San Jacinto, the capture of Santa Ana, his release by Houston on conditions which he afterwards refused to fulfil, his visit to this country, and his subsequent to fulfil, his visit to this country, and his subsequent to fulfil, his visit to this country, and his subsequent to fulfil, his visit to this country, and his subsequent to fulfil, how course in the legal justification of a solemn duty to my country—a duty which, and the performance of a solemn duty to my country—a duty which, which and the performance of a solemn duty to my country—a duty which, and the performance of a solemn duty to my country—a duty which, and the performance of a solemn duty to my country—a duty which, and the performance of a solemn duty to my country—a duty which, and the performance of a solemn duty to my country—a duty which, and the performance of a solemn duty to my country—a duty which, and the performance of a solemn duty to my country—a duty which, and the performance of a solemn duty to my country—a duty which, and the performance of a solemn duty to my country—a duty which, and the performance of a solemn duty to my country—a duty which, and the performance of a solemn duty to my country—a duty which, and the performance of a solemn duty to my country—a duty which, and the performance of a solemn duty to my country—a duty which, and the performance of a solemn duty to my country—a duty which, and the performance of a solemn duty to my country—a duty which, and the performance of a solemn duty to my country—a duty which, and the performance of a solemn duty to my country—a duty which, and the performance of a solemn duty to my country—a duty which, and the performance of a solemn duty to my country—a duty which, and the performance of the counties of the state of the next Legislature of the counties of the country and the

its multiplied aggressions on the subjects of France in Mexico, and proceeded to attack Vera Cruz, the lighest compliment he could have bestowed on any cannot help arriving at the conclusion that if the principle of the party opposed to us in political views, the merit of patriotism in the pursuit of their peculiar policy, yet we cannot help arriving at the conclusion that if the principle of the satisfaction of the commandants of the results and at their patriotism in the pursuit of their peculiar policy, yet we cannot help arriving at the conclusion that if the principle of the satisfaction of the results and at their patriotism in the pursuit of their peculiar policy, yet we cannot help arriving at the conclusion that if the principle of the satisfaction of the results and at their patriotism in the pursuit of their peculiar policy, yet we cannot help arriving at the conclusion that if the principle of the satisfaction of the results and their patriotism in the pursuit of their peculiar policy, yet we cannot help arriving at the conclusion that if the principle of the satisfaction of the results and their patriotism in the pursuit of their peculiar policy, yet we cannot help arriving at the conclusion that if the principle of the results and their patriotism in the pursuit of their peculiar policy, yet we cannot help arriving at the conclusion that if the principle of the results and their patriotism in the pursuit of the results are the results and the results are the results and the results are the resul command of the Mexican troops was committed to individual .- til. State Register. Santa Ana. On this occasion he received a wound, which rendered the amputation of one of his legs necessary; and his services, at this time, seemed to

the finding the regulation of the company of the state of the control of the cont

years in nearly all the military and political movements of his country, and having himself originated or conducted as many revolutions, in the course of the head of affairs, or in the depths of misfortune, many vicissitudes of good and evil fortune, or who has attained so wide spread a reputation, as Antonio Lonez de Santa Ana.

Santa Ana has been compelled to yield to the common fate of eminence in Mexico—that is, exile or the scaffold. The great abilities which he undoubtedly Santa Ana is a native of the department of Vera Cruz. Here, without enjoying any adventitious advantages of birth or family, he was enabled by his to be foremost among his countrymen in the promo-for ceased to be distracted, and to accumulate, amid the He began to be conspicuous in 1821, as a partizan public disasters, a colossal fortune, inferior in amount of Iturbide. On the promulgation by the latter of the plan of Iturbide.

General Jackson.

The Union says :- The following is, perhaps, the living concealed in the mountains, emerged from his was the companion of the hero of New Orleans

hereby certify that it is true in all its parts; and I do Santa Ana, who, by taking up arms, had contribut- further certify, that in the battle of the 23d of January, dred of the bravest Creek warriors, checked them in dates to fill vacancies in the State Senate, so far as The termination of Victorio's presidency, however, their desperate onset, and at one fire of this savage host, we have heard. rapid march, seized upon, and intrenched himself in exclaiming to his men this heroic expression : 'Some Harrison, the castle of Perote, where he published a plan, the of you my brave fellows must perish; but save the Scott and Jackson, he was compelled to flee, and took refuge in the Gen. Armstrong claims a pension-I might have said Monroe and Brown, with more success in other parts of the country. Pe- nial to the bravery of the General, and his valuable

INTERESTING INCIDENT .- Every thing that relates to Andrew Jackson, the Hero of New Orleans, During the occurrence of these events, the Spanish and the friend of his country, is of deep interest to government was organizing its last invasion of Mex-ico; and on Barradas—the commander of the Spanish are about to relate is, in itself, of no great interest, Tenth, forces, landing at Tampico, July 27, 1829, Santa it becomes so to us in consequence of those connected

itulate, September 11, 1829, and thus put an end to visited the Hermitage (only twelve miles distant) in the company with Judge Douglass of this State, and some Guerrero had been in office but a few months, when other of our fellow citizens. The Hermitage was another revolution occurred. The Vice President, crowded with people from almost every State, who had been invited thither by the venerable patriot on the

at length taken prisoner, and executed for treason; Gov. Clay, of Alabama, was near General Jackson, who was himself sitting on the sofa in the hall of his Santa Ana, after feebly resisting, had at length residence; and as each person entered, Gov. Clay inoined, or at least acquiesced in, the movement of troduced him to the Hero, and he passed along. Bustamente; and remained in retirement for two or When Judge Douglass was thus introduced, General three years, until in 1832 he of a sudden pronounced Jackson raised his still brilliant eyes, and gazed for a against the government, compelled Bustamente to flee, moment in the countenance of the Judge, still retainand brought back Pedraza from exile to serve out the ing his hand: "Are you the Mr. Douglass of Illinois, the proper neighborhoods remaining three months of the term for which he had who delivered a speech last session on the subject of The above are probably all the appointments Judge second half in thirty days after the 15th of June, 1846. the fine imposed on me for declaring martial law at Wick will have time to make and fill in the above named

tion of President-maker, and to become himself Pre- sentatives upon that subject," was the modest reply

tution of 1824, and the adoption in 1836 of a central that speech. You are the first man that has ever re-Though most of the Mexican States acquiesced in the violent changes, by which they were reduced to the with violating the constitution of my country, by the violent changes, by which they were reduced to the violent changes, and the violent changes are violent changes. lieved my mind on a subject which has rested upon it

tion, Bustamente, having returned from exile, was my mind from the only circumstances that rested

"Heaven gave Him Length of Days. and he filled then with Deeds of

have effaced, in the eyes of the Mexicans, the disgrace of his defeat at San Jacinto.

Truly beautiful and beautifully true, are the lines
Santa Ana took no part in the unsuccessful movement of Urrea against Bustamente in 1840; but in
1841 there broke out a revolution, commenced by the
Paredes, at Guadalajara, into which Sarta Ana threw
himself with so much vigor and zeal, that Bustamenthimself with so much vigor and zeal, the event we hail with joy unspeakable, and we have deciented to the mount of the respective contracts.

Resolved, That the re-ution of Texas to her size is that auspicous
we have quoted from the accomplished pen of George
backers from

DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATES.

Marion County.

For County Audit For County Auditor, NATHANIEL BOLTON. For Assessor, AHIRA WELLS. For County Commissioner, JOHN McFALL.

| Representatives in the s | everal counties mentioned |
|--|-----------------------------------|
| Counties. | Candidates. |
| Clinton, | Withon Senwright. |
| The state of the s | John Bowman, |
| Fountain, | Hugh H. Scott. |
| Gibson, | Smith Miller. |
| Orange, | Joel Vandeveer. |
| Lawrence, | Geo. W. Carr, David S. Lewis. |
| Dubois, | John Donnell, |
| Liubois, | (Samuel Herron, |
| Montgomery, | Henry T. Snook, |
| | John Nelsons |
| Allen, | F P. Randall. |
| Green, | Dr. Skinner. |
| Miami and Wabash, | Benjamin Henton. |
| Posey, | James C. Endecott. |
| Clarke, | John S. Simonson, |
| | George Green. |
| Pike, | Robert Logar. |
| Harrison, | S. McRea, |
| | Wm. Saffer. (E. D. Crookshank, |
| Franklin, | Spencer Wiley. |
| | (William Shanks, |
| Washington, | Henry C. Monroe, |
| Scott, . | Samuel Davis. |
| Elkhart, | Samuel T. Clymer. |
| Carrolly | Henry P. Tedford. |
| Johnson, | Dr. Webb. |
| Morgan, | A. M. Delavan. |
| Porter and Lake, | Alexander McDonnal |
| The last of the last | James H. Farmer, |
| Putnam, | Henry Secrest. |
| Cass, | Cyrus Taber, |
| Switzerland, | Edward Burns. |
| Jackson, | S. P. Mooney. |
| Jennings, | Dr. Hill. |
| Bartholomew, | Ephraim Arnold. |
| Blackford, Wells and | David B. Turner. |
| Huntington, | |
| | |

cessary information to enable us to do so. The following is a list of Democratic candi-

. Candidates. Elisha G. English. Heman H. Barbour. Franklin Hardin. Andrew J. Harlan. John H. Roberts. William Berry.

| NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY. | AND AND CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY | |
|------------------------|--|------------------|
| | Candidates for | Congress. |
| District. | Democratic. | Opposition. |
| First, | Robert Dale Owen. | G. P. R. Wilson. |
| Second, | Thomas J. Henley. | Roger Martin. |
| Third, | Thomas Smith. | J.C. Eggleston. |
| Fourth, | | Caleb B. Smith. |
| Fifth, | William W. Wick. | (J. B. Foley, |
| | 10 100000 10 1 011000 | William Herod. |
| Sixth, | John W. Davis. | |
| Seventh, | Joseph A. Wright. | E. W. McGaughe |
| Eighth, | John Pettit. | A.:L. Holmes. |
| Ninth | Charles W. Catheart. | S. C. Simple. |

Andrew Kennedy.

W. W. Wick,

L. G. Thompson.

| end, at the following times a Dobbestown, Shelby co., | July 15, 10 o'clock, p. m |
|--|--|
| Bethel, Marion co. | same day, 2 o'clock, p. n |
| Nathan Harlan's on the | 10. 10. 1 4. 14. 14. 14. 14. 14. 14. 14. 14. 1 |
| Brookville road do. | July 16, 10 o'clock, a. m |
| Cumberland, | same day, 2 o'clock, p. n |
| Augusta, | July 18, 10 o'clock, a. n |
| Broad Ripple, | same day, 3 o'clock, p. n |
| Bridgeport, | July 19, 1, o'clock, p. n |
| Whitenack's, do., | July 26, 10 o'clock, a. n |
| Clarksburgh, do., | 26, 2 o'clock, p. n |
| It is respectfully requeste | |
| Wick who take this paper, to | give notice; by writtethad |
| tertisement or otherwise of | |

Democratic Convention.

Blackford county was called to the chair, and Joseph pieces; and must be cut in pieces weighing not less than six

return to Mexico, are events familiarly known in the United States.

When Santa Ana marched on Texas, first Barragan, and then Coro, exercised the functions of the presidency for awhile, until, after the new constitutions which were severally adopted.

Such a felhous offence; but I could never make out a such a felhous offence; but I could never has a such a felhous offence of the felhous offence, and the felhous offence of the

tion, Bustamente, having returned from exile, was elected President; the temporary unpopularity of Santa Ana, and his retirement in disgrace to Manga de Clavo, having left the field open to the friends of Bustamente.

Sundry pronunciamentos followed; of which, one of the most dangerous, headed by Mejia, gave to Santa Ana the opportunity of emerging from his retirement.

Henry Gibson Lames to Gettle letter, to be not less than one inch thise for bettles, I never and the course heretofore pursued by the Democratic party in this district we have controlled as a violation of the friends of Bustamente.

Whereas in accordance with the course heretofore pursued by the Democratic party in this district we have controlled as a violation of the friends of Bustamente.

Whereas in accordance with the course heretofore pursued by the Democratic party in this district we have controlled as a violation of the friends of Bustamente.

Whereas in accordance with the course heretofore pursued by the Democratic party in this district we have controlled as a violation of the friends of Bustamente.

Whereas in accordance with the course heretofore pursued by the Democratic party in this district we have controlled as a violation of the purpose of selecting a suitable person to rickory head or hickory head.

Sundry pronunciamentos followed; of which, one of the most dangerous, headed by Mejia, gave to Santa Ana a portunity of emerging from his retirement.

Henry Gibson Alonzo Genffeld Daniel Griffin Dani

cannot help arriving at the conclusion that if the princi-ples they advocate should ultimately triumph, they would by, in separate offers for the beef and for the pork, and of be traught with dangers of the most appulling character to the well being and perpetuity of our republican insti-

THE LIVE OAK PLANTATION .- It is now nearly twenty years since the government entered on this experiment. The plantation is situated immediately across the bay from Pensacola, and is about five miles from the city. The land formerly belonged to Judge H. M. Brackenbridge, and was purchased by the government for the purpose to which it is now devoted. while Mr. Southard was Secretary of the Navy. The policy of the government in purchasing this tract of ly for Edinburgh, thence in the cars free to Columbus, suffering humanity. Some a tvertisement. The following is a list of Democratic candidates land, and in reserving from sale all other lands on are requested to leave their names with Capt. Geo. the margin of the Gulf, suitable for the growth of live oak, rests upon the fact that this invaluable timber Commissioned officers to appear in full uniform. grows in perfection no where except in the influence of the sea air. The residence of the superintendent looks out upon the sound, and is separated from the Gulf by nothing but that long range of sand hills, known by the name of Santa Rosa Island. The We hope our friends throughout the State plantation has been placed by the navy department will continue their subscriptions, and aid us under the supervision, and control of the commander as much as they can in obtaining new ones. of the navy yard near this place. Until lately there Grateful for such favors, we shall always enhas been nothing there to admire, except, perhaps, the wise policy of the government in attempting the onterprise and improvement. Our ambition experiment of cultivating and protecting from waste, enterprise and improvement. Our ambition a species of timber so valuable for naval purposes as the live oak. Now, however, the care with which of Indiana, a newspaper of a respectable and the undergrowth has been kept down among the trees, and the taste which is displayed in relation to the fruit trees about the house of the superintendent, make the plantation almost a fairy scene, combining means would permit to accomplish it. The every where the useful with the sweet. The grounds people generally, and particularly the Demimmediately around the house are embowered in the ocratic party, its eminent members especialshade of the orange, the lemon, the fig and other fruit ly, ought to feel some interest in this matter, trees, and all this is done at an annual expense not equal to that of a boat's crew of a ship of war.—Pensacola Gazette.

> TEACHING SCHOOL IN THE SOUTH-When Uriah Tracy of Connecticut, (we think it was,) stood in the constituents." "Yes," said Tracy, "they are going

teachers at the South are mules; but we do think if in the State. the South goes wrong the North must answer for the teaching. Take, for example, the following conclusive fact. The Baltimore American says:

"Out of four hundred teachers with whom a travcler in the South had interviews, three hundred and delay. He has not time to call on all who have them. ninety-five were from New England States."-Cin.

engraving of a fire in Pittsburgh before the ruins had | OF Persons calling for these Letters will please say ceased smoking! Yet such is the case now. We re- ADVERTISED. ceived a paper of this kind on the 4th, and lit a cigar | The inland postage on all letters or papers for among the ruins on the same morning .- Pittsburgh foreign countries must be pre-paid, otherwise they

MARRIED-On the 18th of June, by the Rev. Dr. William Attick Simpson, Dr. EDWIN G. MEEK, of Greencastle, to Henry Apple Miss ELIZABETH L., daughter of SAMUEL HENDER-Nathaniel Bolton son, Esq., of this city.

NAVY BEEF AND PORK FOR 1846.

NAVY DEPARTMENT, Bureau of Provisions and Clothing,

June 26, 1845. posals, endorsed ' Proposals for Beel," and "Pro- David Bryti posals for Pork," as the case may be, will be received at Abraham Bowen this office until 3 o'clock, p. m., on Monday, the 11th day of Miss Margaret Brown August next, for furnishing and delivering, free of all cost Eli M Bradfield and risk to the United States—

Five thousand seven hundred barrels of navy beef, and five thousand seven hundred barrels of navy pork:

Joseph Buchler Each barrel to contain not less than two hundred pounds net weight of beef or pork, no excess of weight in either article will be paid for. To be delivered at the respective

navy yards, as follows: Bbls, beef At Charlestown, Mass., At Brooklyn, N. Y., At Gosport, Va., 1900 1900

William Culberson Said beef and pork must be delivered, one-half between Henry Colestock the first day of January, 1846, and the first day of April, Benj R Curtis 1846; and the other half between the 15th day of April, E M M Clarke 1846, and the 15th day of June, 1846, unless earlier delive-John Cook ries should be required by the chief of this bureau. Offers William S A Crane must be made for each half separately and distinctly-that Samuel W Crutchfield: is, for the half deliverable between the 1st of January and 1st of April, and for the half deliverable between the 15th of April and 15th of June, 1846. Payment for the first half to be made within thirty days after delivery; and for the The beef must be from well fattened cattle, slaughtered counties. Other appointments will be made hereafter for between the first day of November, 1845, and the first day David H Colenck other counties, which the friends will kindly make as public as possible.

Other appointments will be made hereafter for other counties, which the friends will kindly make as public as possible.

David H Colent is and the first day of November, 1845, and the first day o pronunciamentos and civil wars, which produced the consummation of the overthrow of the federal constitution of th of the fore and hind quarters of an ox, which will be at- Samuel Dunlap tached to and form a part of the contract, must be wholly a M Dempsey excluded from each barrel and half barrel, and the remainder of the carcass must be cut in pieces of not less than Thomas Darby

mere departments—under the control of military commandants, too—Texas on the northeast, and Yucatan
mere departments—under the control of military commandants, too—Texas on the northeast, and Yucatan
mandants, too—Texas on the northeast, and Ilrefore
mandants, too—Texas on the northeast place of the counties of Huntington, wells and Ilrefore
mandants, too—Texas on the northeast place of the counties of Huntington, wells and Ilrefore
mandants, too—Texas on the northeast place of the counties of Huntington, wells and Ilrefore
mandants, too—Texas on the northeast place of the counties of Huntington, wells and Ilrefore
mandants, too—Texas on the northeast place of the counties of Huntington, well as the place of the counties of Huntington, well as the place of the counties of Huntington, well as the place of the counties of Hu

WHERAS in accordance with the course heretofore pur-

Charges.

The department reserves to itself the right to reject all Adam Irick offers from persons who have heretofore failed to fulfil their Bennett Isaac

te was again compelled to flee, and the plan of Tacubaya, with the agreement of La Estanzuela, was adopted; in virtue of which, the constitution of 1836 was abolished, and Santa Ana himself was invested with the power of dictator, for the purpose of reconstitution be placed. Beyond the ordinary life of with the power of dictator, for the purpose of reconstitution of expressive the republic.

Under these auspices, and amidst all the calamities of a protracted but unsuccessful attenut to reduce of a protracted but unsuccessful attenut to reduce of the states and the home of the

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Fourth of July.

For Edinburgh and a Rail Road Ride. The Marion Guards, and all who are disposed to Commissioned officers to appear in full uniform.

By request.

STATE SENTINEL---WEEKLY.

To Advertisers.

It will be of interest to our subscribers, door of his hotel at Washington with a distinguished advertisers and the public generally, to know Southern member, a drove of mules came along, when that all advertisements for the Semi-Weekly, the Southerner said, "Tracy, there are some of your will appear at least once in the Weekly Sentinel. This gives them a larger circula-We by no means mean to insinuate that Yankee tion than can be obtained in any other paper

Take Notice.

All persons having books belonging to the subscriber are earnestly requested to return them without

RATHER ODD.—What would folks fifty years ago have said, had they received a London paper with an Puly 1, 1845.

Andrew Bixler

Willis Brown

Ancel Brooks

Joseph Buchler

Clemens Burke

John H Bulger

Wm P Bryant

Henry Bryant

Mrs Mary A Bacon

Joseph G Cheesman

John Bruce

Jeremiah Brown

cannot be forwarded.

James B Loomis Isaac Mardin John Montgomery Miss M ry Mahan Christopher Becher Richard Morlison Joseph Martin D Matthews Samuel Beckwith David Maris B Ballard or P Burgess James C Morrison Margarett H Buchanan William G Miles MACS Mrs Caroline McCaw David McCurdy Abuer McKee Vinton S Nememacher Jacob Newman William Owings John Palmer

Thomas S Pierce Benjamin Philips Talbert Pricket Aquilla Parker Judge Patterson Jehosaphat Polk J N Phipps Peabbert Pice Miss Martha L Quarles Mrs Harriet Quarles

Eliza Quinn James Colwell, or Thomas James O'Riely Faris, or Harrison Button Richard Coverdall S Rooker James B Ray Mis Nancy Rooker Thomas Reveal A Sidney Robertson Wm Reed Robert W Richison W R Revels Pressly Randolph Martin S Robertson

Charles Robison SS Rooker John Robe Thomas Richmond Miss Jane Reed J Spark Mrs Rebecca Smith

Mrs Anna Smith George L Sanders Samuel Scott Jno Shephard George Smith Joseph P Sesney Mary Singer Robert Samuel Joseph Severt Joshua Stevens Jushih Stone Mrs Mary Galway John Smith

Charles Tothlinson

Zadock Tomlinson

William Talbot Augustus Turner

James Thompson

James Tushy V

John A Whelchel

Jacob Williams

Birtsel Witham David Wheeten

Thomas Wyatt

William Wooddell

Hubbard Williams

H T Wakefield

Nicholas Wood

Moses Winters

John A Whiteomb

Simon S Wiseman Leonard Woolen

Andy Wilson Washington F Wilson William H Word

Isauc Vores

William F Thornton

Miss Amanda Vickers

Miss Elizabeth Thompson

Cornelius Gray Wm Schoolcraft Miss Sarah Gill Elizabeth Stewart Benjamin Grace Abram Smock William & Peasley Emanuel Springer James W Shannon R Stebl ins Delanson Slawson Oliver Scheoffer

C Hagerburst John J Hatfield

the office.

Bidders not heretofore contractors are required to accompany their proposals with evidence of ability together with the names of their sureties, whose responsibility must be certified by, the United States district attorney, navy agent, of some other person well known to the foreign and south-western States, which renders it of some other person well known to the foreign and south-western States, which renders it of the ordinary time required for the regular transmission of the mail will be allowed for them to signify that.

The State of Indiansa—Hancock Courted to the common remodes had proving a navalling. It has been extensively used throughout this State and invasible and proving the may be given for significant of the theory who on the injury their proposals will not be acted upon.

Bidders whose proposals are accepted (and none others) will be forthwith notified thereof; and three days over and above the ordinary time required for the regular transmission of the mail will be allowed for them to signify that.

Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. This celebrated remedy is a compound balsamic preparation of the Wild Cherry Bark and Moss of Iceland, combined by a new chemical process with the Extract of Pine. So salutary have been its effects in all cases when administered for Cocons, Astuna, Consumerion, or any disease of the lungs, that many of the most distinguished physiaccompany them as volunteers, in fatigue uniform, claus have approved and recommended it, and openly acknowledged to leave Indianapolis on the morning of the 3d of Ju- it the most valuable medicine ever discovered. It is truly a valuable medicine, and is effecting an immense amount of good in the relief of



Seven Thousand Cases of Obstinate Pulmonary Complaints Cured in one Year! WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, The Great American Remedy for Lung Complaints,

and we sincerely pledge ourselves to make no assertions as to the virtues of this medicine, and to hold out no hope to suffering humanity which facts will not warrant. We ask the attention of the candid to a few considerations.

and all Affections of the Respiratory Organs.

'We do not wish to trifle with the lives or health of the afflicted,

Nature, in every part of her works, has left indelible marks of adaptation and design. The constitution of the animals and vegetables of the torrid, is

such that they could not endure the cold of the frigid zone, and vice In regard to disease and its cure, the adaptation is not less striking? The Moss of Iceland, the Wild Cherry and Pose of all Northern lattudes (and "Dr. Wistan's Balsan," is a compound chemical extract from these) have long been celebrated for complaints prevalent on in cold climates. Indeed the most distinguished medical men have averred that nature furnishes in every country antidotes for its own

Consumerton in its confirmed and includent stages, Coughs, Asthma Croup and Liver Complaint, form by far the most fatal class of disease known to our land. Yet even thest may be cured by means of the simple yet powerful remedies (named above) and which are scatter, ed, by a beneficent Providence, wherever these maladies prevail. The case of THOMAS COLENS, of Huddonfield, N. J. is related by himself; and that all may know its ENTIRE TRUTH, the statemen is sworn to before a Justice of the Peace.

HADDONFIELD, N. J., April 20, 1843. On or near the 12th day of December, 1841, I was taken with a violent pain in the side near the Liver, which continued for about five days, and was followed by the breaking of an ulcer, or something inwardly, which relieved the pain a little, but caused me to throw up a great quantity of offensive matter and also much blood. Being greatly atarmed at this, I applied to a physician, but he said he thought he could do but little for me except give me some Mercury pills, which I refused to take, feeling satisfied that they could do me no good; many did me any good, and the DISCHARGE OF BLOOD and CORRUPTION still continued every few days, and at last became so offensive I could schreely breathe. I was also seized with a violent cough; which at times caused me to raise much more Hood than I had done before and my disease continued in this way, still growing worse until Feball thought I would die with a gattoping consumption. At this moment, when my life was apparently drawing near at a close, I heard of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, and got a bottle, which relieved me immediately, and by the use of only three bottles of this medicine, all my pains were removed, my cough and spitting of blood and corruption entirely stopped, and in a few weeks my health was so far restored as to enable me to work at my trade, (which is a Curpenter) and up to this time I have enjoyed good health. WITNESS .- I am acquainted with Mr. Thomas Cozens, and having

seen him during his illness, I think the above statement entitled to full credit. SAMUEL, H. BORROUGHS. Gloucester Cornty, SS.

Personally came before me, the subscriber, one of the Justices of the Peace in and for the said county, Thomas Cozens, and being duly affirmed according to law, saith the above statement in all things is THOMAS COZENS.

Affirmed before me on the 20th day of April, 1843. We publish no fictitious statements. WISTAR'S BALSAM" is sold at \$1 per bottle, or 6 bottles for \$5. Sold in Cincinnati at the corner of Fourth and Walnut streets, by SANFORD & PARK, Agents for the West. For sale also by TOM-LINSON BROTHERS, [Only Agents in Indianopolis.] IRISH & Co. - Terre Haute, Ia. C. F. WILSTACK-Lafayette, In. Wm. HUCHES & Co .- Madison, In. WINSTANDLEY & NEWKIRK-New Albany, In. JESTE STEVENS-Centreville, Ia. James Woods-Knightstown, In. JOHN BURK-Crawfordsville, Ia. Ds. L. BRECHER-Fort Wayne, Ia. JOHN GORDON-Salem, In. WM. M. WOOLSEY-Evansville, In. J. Somes-Vincennes, la., and by regular agents established in all im-

portant towns throughout the State. TOMLINSON BROTHERS Have been appointed sole agents in Indianapolis for the cale of the

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CHARLES NORTH, Fifth st., 4 doors went of Vine."

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